

TIMES-VIRGINIAN

DEVOTED TO THE LOCAL AND INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS OF APPOMATTOX AND BUCKINGHAM COUNTIES.

APPOMATTOX, VIRGINIA, NOVEMBER 10, 1920.

JOB WORK A SPECIALTY

\$1.50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

BROWN & SMITH

We have just received another shipment of
Selz Men's Dress Shoes

Blacks and Tans, Blucher and Bal style, English and semi-English lasts. Sizes 5 1/2 to 11. Made of good serviceable leather. Goodyear welt.

An honest \$5.00 value at

\$6.50

We also carry a complete line of French and
Judy Shoes for Children.

Selz Shoes for Women are made of the best
materials by expert workmen. We have in stock a
wide range of styles and sizes priced from

\$3.75 to \$11.00

Get all the good out of your New Sweaters by
buying NOW.

Men's, Women's and Children's Sweaters

\$1.25 to \$7.50

Young Men's Dress Suits

Sizes 35 to 49

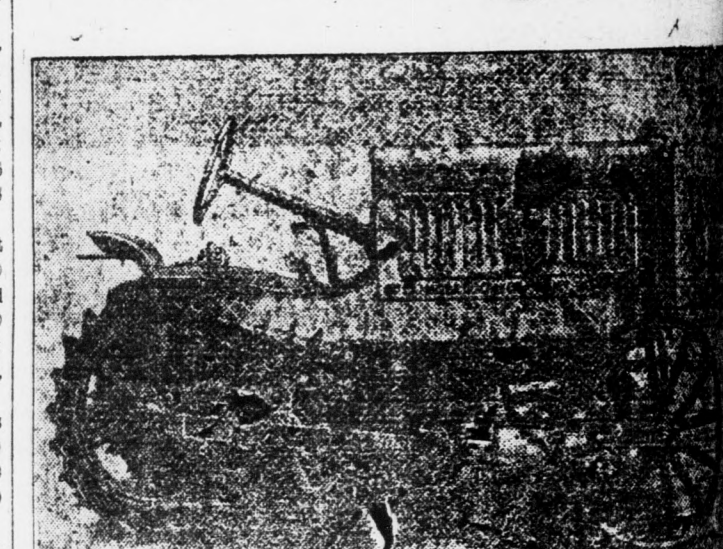
Exceptional values at

\$30.00

BROWN & SMITH

Appomattox, Virginia

Every Inch of the Bates Steel Mule is Thoroughbred



The United States Government by means of the Department of Agriculture has been looking into the tractor industry, and its bulletins clearly prove that the satisfied tractor owner—men who say that the tractor has paid—are men of the BETTER CLASS of tractors. The successful owner has learned years ago that he can't get something for nothing. No one can. The reason the BATES STEEL MULE is so popular is that it is worth more. Skilled factory procedure, production and the most modern machinery enables us to make money at every turn, yet the BATES STEEL MULE is slightly more in the beginning to build but considerably less the long run to own. It's just another case where a better priced article is far cheaper to own when you actually use it.

The Bates Thoroughbred quality comes out from claims, but from what's put into it. Every part that goes into the BATES STEEL MULE is put there by long experience. There isn't a part that isn't time-tried and tried. There isn't a part that experience hasn't dictated the size of, and in it all there isn't one superfluous part, one part that isn't capable of standing up under strain it gets in actual use. These are things experience practice have demonstrated. The BATES comes to you as a tractor of your desire for a tractor that will endure. For what we pay for a thing. Value is what we get out of it, consider your tractor from what you will get out of it, how many working days you have when the ground is under the operations where you cannot afford to push seed bed, and consider how constantly and economically must be performed even in rush times, you will see that the BATES STEEL MULE is the biggest value offered in a tractor on the American market today.

Moses & Hancock

Appomattox, Va.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

F. C. MOON A. L. PITTS, JR.

MOON & PITTS

Attorneys-at-Law

Office at BUCKINGHAM, C. H.

And SCOTTSVILLE, VA.

Main Office at Scottsville, Va.

W. D. DUGUID

Successor to Geo. A. Duguid & Son

Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director

Long Distance Phone 111

Lynchburg, Va.

A. H. CLEMENT

Attorney-at-Law

Appomattox, Va.

Practice in the courts of Appomattox, Buckingham, Campbell and Amherst.

WORK A SPECIALTY

VOL. XXXIII. NO. 45.

PUBLICANS MADE GREAT RECORD

Harding's Vote in Electoral College Will Top 400 Mark

SOLID SOUTH BROKEN

Senator Beckham Loses By 7,000—Representative Volstead Retains Seat in the House.

New York—Final returns from the Presidential election increased the proportion of votes unprecedentedly for the Republican landslide.

With Tennessee in the "solid South" and Oklahoma in the Southwest, Republicans of Democracy safely captured the electoral college. Harding and Coolidge are assured of 404 of the 481 votes in the Electoral College, a majority of 277.

Complete returns from New Mexico show that Senator Harding carried the state by a majority of at least 10,000. The Republican candidate for Governor also elected.

A Republican majority of 22 in the Senate is assured by the defeat of Senator Beckham, of Kentucky, Democrat, by Richard E. East, a final return from the State of Kentucky.

Senator Beckham lost by 7,000. The Republican candidate in the State of Kentucky is a lead of more than 7,000 votes.

WARREN G. HARDING

For the first time in history several towns and counties professed to be Republican in the State of New York.

The Sixth Mississippi district gave Republican majorities, the towns including Seminary and Runnels. Some counties in Alabama heretofore strongly Democratic, also return Republican majorities.

The House will have one Socialist member—Meyer London, of New York, who defeated Henry M. Goldfogel, fusion candidate in the Twelfth. The prohibition party lost its long-time representative, but an Independent-Prohibitionist, Milton W. Shreve, was elected from the Twenty-fifth Pennsylvania district.

States carried by Harding and Coolidge were Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Final returns from a few congressional districts still are belated, some due to close races which upset a few previous announcements, and others, debated sections. With these missing districts, the Republican roll in the House had climbed past 285 to 310 for the Democrats.

House members whose reelection was reported definitely tonight were Representative Volstead, of Minnesota, author of the Volstead Prohibition Enforcement act and chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, a position he is scheduled to retain.

One of the notable results of the landslide was the defeat of Representative Moon, a veteran Democratic Congressman from Tennessee.

Receiving the election return at his home here, Mr. Harding declined during the early evening to make any statement, and issued his statement only after the figures had piled up majorities for him which his advisers declared made his election certain.

At the same time it became known that the Senator and Mrs. Harding had been on a vacation trip to Europe, taking them for a rest next week in Texas, and after that for an ocean voyage to the Panama Canal Zone. They will return to Miami during early December.

COOLIDGE SEES NEW PERIOD NEAR.

Says Victory Means Returns To the Constitution.

Boston—Governor Coolidge received returns from the election with friends at the Hotel Touraine. Early in the evening he issued a statement thanking the voters for their support and expressing assurance of victory. The statement follows:

"It is with a great deal of gratitude that I have seen by the incoming returns the extent of the victory and have realized its source. While I rejoice in its great proportions, I rejoice even more in the nature of the victory we have received. It means the end of a period which has seemed to substitute words for things, and the beginning of a period of real nationalism and true national honor. It means a return to the Constitution, and an end of extravagance, and a Government by the people at home."

BLIND SIX YEARS; NOW SEES.

Man Injured in Auto Accident Recovered Sight After Operation.

Bransville, Ind.—After six years of darkness, Percy Pritchett, who lost his sight in an automobile accident here, has recovered the use of his eyes. Pritchett collapsed at the grave of his father two weeks ago and physicians at that time removed bits of bone that had pressed on his brain. It is probable his sight will be entirely normal.

ELECTORAL VOTE.

Final returns show the following States have given their electoral votes—a total of 404—to Harding:

| | |
|----------------|-----|
| Alabama | 9 |
| Arizona | 5 |
| Arkansas | 10 |
| California | 12 |
| Colorado | 6 |
| Connecticut | 7 |
| Delaware | 3 |
| Idaho | 3 |
| Illinois | 29 |
| Indiana | 10 |
| Iowa | 12 |
| Kansas | 10 |
| Maine | 6 |
| Maryland | 8 |
| Massachusetts | 12 |
| Michigan | 15 |
| Minnesota | 12 |
| Missouri | 12 |
| Montana | 4 |
| Nebraska | 4 |
| New Hampshire | 4 |
| New Jersey | 14 |
| New Mexico | 12 |
| New York | 45 |
| Nevada | 3 |
| North Carolina | 12 |
| Ohio | 24 |
| Oklahoma | 10 |
| Oregon | 5 |
| Pennsylvania | 20 |
| Rhode Island | 5 |
| South Dakota | 5 |
| Tennessee | 12 |
| Utah | 4 |
| Vermont | 4 |
| Washington | 7 |
| West Virginia | 12 |
| Wisconsin | 13 |
| Wyoming | 3 |
| Total | 401 |

Governor Cox had safely the following:

| | |
|----------------|-----|
| Alabama | 12 |
| Arkansas | 9 |
| Florida | 12 |
| Georgia | 14 |
| Kentucky | 12 |
| Louisiana | 10 |
| Mississippi | 10 |
| North Carolina | 12 |
| South Carolina | 12 |
| Texas | 20 |
| Virginia | 12 |
| Total | 127 |

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GOVERNORS ELECTED.

(Those starred are present Governors.)

| | |
|----------------|---|
| ARIZONA | T. E. Campbell, Republican.* |
| ARKANSAS | Thomas C. McRae, Democrat. |
| COLORADO | Oliver H. Shoup, Republican.* |
| CONNECTICUT | Everett J. Lake, Republican. |
| DELAWARE | William D. Denney, Republican. |
| FLORIDA | Cary D. Hardee, Democrat. |
| GEORGIA | Thomas W. Hoxack, Democrat. |
| IDAHO | David W. Davis, Republican.* |
| ILLINOIS | Len Small, Republican. |
| INDIANA | W. T. McCray, Republican. |
| IOWA | Nate Kendall, Republican. |
| KANSAS | Henry J. Allen, Republican.* |
| MASSACHUSETTS | Frank A. Vanderlip, New York banker, has purchased the entire village, it became known and in order to relieve the housing situation in this section, he announced plans for the erection of 20 modern tenement houses and several other new buildings. Some of the dwellings will be torn down and others renovated. |
| MICHIGAN | Alex J. Groesbeck, Republican. |
| MINNESOTA | J. A. O. Preis, Republican. |
| MISSOURI | Arthur M. Hyde, Republican. |
| MONTANA | J. M. Dixon, Republican. |
| NEBRASKA | S. R. McKelvie, Republican. |
| NEVADA | A. O. Brown, Republican. |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE | R. H. Hanna, Democrat. |
| NEW JERSEY | Nathan L. Miller, Republican. |
| NEW MEXICO | Cameron Morrison, Democrat. |
| NORTH CAROLINA | Larry L. Davis, Republican. |
| NORTH DAKOTA | E. J. Sanborn, Republican and the South Carolina. |
| OKLAHOMA | R. A. Cooper, Democrat.* |
| OREGON | W. H. McMaster, Republican. |
| RHODE ISLAND | Alfred Taylor, Republican. |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | Pat M. Neff, Democrat. |
| SOUTH DAKOTA | Charles B. Mabey, Republican. |
| TENNESSEE | James Hartness, Republican. |
| TEXAS | Louis F. Hart, Republican.* |
| UTAH | E. F. Morgan, Republican. |
| VERMONT | James J. Blaine, Republican. |
| WEST VIRGINIA | James J. Blaine, Republican. |
| WISCONSIN | James J. Blaine, Republican. |
| WYOMING | James J. Blaine, Republican. |

THE NEW SENATE

As it will be constituted after March 4, 1921, according to the returns.

| | |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| Alabama | (b) O. W. Underwood (D.). |
| Arizona | (a) Thomas H. (D.). |
| Arkansas | (a) H. P. Ashurst (D.). |
| California | (a) Marcus Smith (D.). |
| Colorado | (a) J. H. Robinson (D.). |
| Connecticut | (a) T. H. Caraway (D.). |
| Delaware | (a) H. W. Johnson (R.). |
| Florida | (a) S. Shorridge (R.). |
| Georgia | (a) C. C. Phillips (R.). |
| Idaho | (a) S. D. Nicholson (R.). |
| Illinois | (a) L. H. Hall (R.). |
| Indiana | (a) F. T. Trammell (D.). |
| Iowa | (a) B. U. Fletcher (D.). |
| Kansas | (a) W. J. Harris (D.). |
| Kentucky | (a) Tom Watson (D.). |
| Louisiana | (a) W. E. Borah (R.). |
| Maine | (a) F. R. Gooding (R.). |
| Maryland | (a) M. McCormick (R.). |
| Massachusetts | (a) W. B. McKinley (R.). |
| Michigan | (a) J. E. Watson (R.). |
| Minnesota | (a) W. S. Kenyon (R.). |
| Mississippi | (a) A. B. Cummins (R.). |
| Missouri | (a) Charles Curtis (R.). |
| Montana | (a) C. A. Capper (R.). |
| Nebraska | (a) O. Stanley (D.). |
| Nevada | (a) J. C. W. Beckman (D.). |
| New Hampshire | (a) J. E. Randall (D.). |
| New Jersey | (a) Edward Broussard (D.). |
| New Mexico | (a) B. M. Fernald (R.). |
| New York | (a) Fred Hale (R.). |
| North Carolina | (a) E. F. Francis (R.). |
| North Dakota | (a) J. W. Smith (D.). |
| Oklahoma | (a) D. E. Lodge (R.). |
| Oregon | (a) C. E. Townsend (R.). |
| Pennsylvania | (a) T. R. Newberry (R.). |
| Rhode Island | (a) E. Nelson (R.). |
| South Carolina | (a) P. K. Kellogg (R.). |
| South Dakota | (a) J. L. Williams (D.). |
| Tennessee | (a) Pat Harrison (D.). |
| Texas | (a) A. Reed (D.). |
| Utah | (a) Brock Long (D.). |
| Vermont | (a) H. L. Myers (D.). |
| Virginia | (a) J. W. Walsh (D.). |
| West Virginia | (a) G. M. Hitchcock (D.). |
| Wisconsin | (a) W. Norris (R.). |
| Wyoming | (a) G. Pittman (D.). |

TWO PRESIDENTS-ELECT.

Plan To Have Harding And General Oregon Meet.

Brownsville, Texas.—Tentative plans looking to a meeting between President-elect Harding and General Oregon, who will be in the State of Texas, are being made by representatives of the two candidates.

The United States, started here by representatives of the two candidates, were approved by Y. M. Vazquez, Mexican consul, who said that, following their request, he would invite Alvaro Obregon to visit Matamoros while Senator Harding is spending a vacation at Point Isabel.

The consul expressed the belief that General Obregon would accept the invitation unless the trip would interfere with his inauguration December 1.

Matamoros is the Mexican town opposite Brownsville, and Point Isabel is a Texas coast town 15 miles southeast of Brownsville.

EDITOR UNDER SENTENCE.

Refused In Court To Divulge The Source Of Information.

Chicago.—Because of his refusal to divulge his source of information and the name of his informant in connection with an alleged bribery for the suppression of a divorce suit, Richard J. Finnegan, managing editor of the Chicago Journal, was ordered committed to the county jail for a period not to exceed six months.

The order issued by Judge George F. Rush, of the Circuit Court, was stayed on application of counsel for Mr. Finnegan. The latter, however, while not being actually imprisoned will be subject to any call of the court.

SCHOOL PRINCIPAL SHOT.

Reported To Have Whipped Sister Of Mar Who Fired.

Middleboro, Ky.—Professor Barnes, principal of the Middleboro High School, was shot and fatally wounded by Adolphus Oaks.

It is reported Professor Barnes whipped Oaks' sister, a high school student, last Thursday, which is presumably the cause of the shooting. Barnes had tendered his resignation to the board of education and intended leaving the city Saturday. Oaks is in jail.

BERGOLLI IN GERMANY.

American Military Authorities Attempt To Have Him Arrested.

Berlin.—The American mission here has no information on the reported arrest of Grover C. Bergolli, the Philadelphia draft dodger, who has been in Karlsruhe and other sections of Baden up to a few days ago.

The American military authorities at Coblenz are said to have attempted to cause his arrest through the German authorities.

EUROPEAN TRAVELERS WARNED.

State Department Advises Them To Take Money For Return.

Washington.—Travelers bound for Europe were warned by the State Department to take with them enough money to pay their way back, if they intended to return.

The statement was prompted by reports from consuls that Americans who have returned to Europe to visit their families frequently found themselves stranded and appealed for assistance.

JUSSERAND BRINGS VIEWS OF FRENCH

Will Discuss Treaty With New Regime

Will Accept Amendments

Status Of Commercial Relations Between France And United States Also To Be Taken Up With The Ambassador's Return.

Washington.—Julius Jusserand, the French Ambassador, who went home several months ago on leave and who was assigned to special duty in connection with the settlement of the Polish question, is to return to Washington on November 14. He is expected to bring with him the latest views of his government regarding the re-casting of the League of Nations covenant and to be prepared to discuss the subject with the officials of the Harding administration as soon as they are in office and ready to proceed.

It has been known in diplomatic circles in Washington that the principal Allied powers were prepared to go towards meeting any desire of the American government for changes in the plan of the covenant, but it has been stated in at least one important quarter that such changes must in no case violate the underlying principles of the convention. Diplomats generally believe that such changes could be made by reservations such as were proposed in the so-called Lodge plan.

In their opinions amendments would be necessary. They would require the approval of the various signatory powers.

Another matter that will engage the attention of Ambassador Jusserand is the status of the commercial relations between the United States and France under existing treaties. France last spring gave notice to all powers with which she had commercial treaties of the termination of these conventions; her purpose being to replace them with a complete set of new treaties, shaped to meet the new conditions in trade and commerce resulting from the war. Before the denunciation took effect, however, the French Government withdrew the notice so far as it concerned the United States.

France, however, has not abandoned her plan of revising her commercial treaties and is understood to be deferring the opening of negotiations with the United States until after the change of administration in Washington on next March 4. Before the negotiations are opened M. Jusserand is expected to acquaint himself with the plans of the Republican leaders in the matters of tariff revision, which might greatly influence the character of any new commercial convention.

The Ambassador also is expected to make a close survey of the situation in Washington and report to his government upon the prospects of success in case it should decide to renew its efforts to secure approval by the Senate of the treaty which would guarantee protection for France against external aggression for a period of five years. Failure of the original effort in that direction resulted in the abandonment of a similar Franco-British treaty.

JAPS ON THEIR METTLE.

Speakers Recommend Firm Attitude Toward United States.

Tokio.—A firm attitude toward the United States was recommended by speakers at a public meeting held for discussion of the situation created by the adoption in California of legislation affecting the Japanese. The audience numbered a thousand persons, and the speakers, who were journalists, minor politicians and student orators. One of the newspaper men who made an address urged that the "anti-Japanese discrimination" in America be met with anti-American discrimination in the Orient. War talk was deprecated by the speakers.

In an interview in the Hochi Shimbun, Viscount Kentaro Kaneko, of the privy council, expressed confidence that the negotiations at Washington would result in a settlement of the question in issue with the United States.

TO PROBE COSTELLO CASE.

Coby Orders Inquiry Into Deportation Of American.

Washington.—Secretary of State Coby announced that the State Department had started an investigation of the recent deportation from England of E. J. Costello, managing editor of the Federated Press.

TERRORIZING PEANUT GROWERS.

"Night Riders" Warn Farmers Not To Sell For Less Than \$55 Ton.

Montgomery, Ala.—The peanuts of this section are in for terror now. Governor Kilby has received reports that "night riders" have warned farmers not to "get any peanuts out of the ground until the price goes up to \$55 a ton." The warnings were posted in the wiregrass districts.

A TIE ELECTION.

To Have Special Vote To Determine Winner.

Wilmington, Del.—The results of the special election to settle a tie between W. H. Hickman, of Selbyville, and E. J. Turner, for state representative in the 11th district, will be decided by the political complexion of the Delaware General Assembly. At present there are 17 Democrats and 15 Republicans in the House of Representatives. Hickman and Turner each received 779 votes.

BRITISH CANNON BALL FOUND IN CECIL.

Port Deposit, Md.—When Admiral Cockburn, of the British Navy, paid a visit to the upper end of the Chesapeake in 1814, he was so pestered at his Port Deposit reception that when he sailed around to the cannon factory at Principio Furnace he distributed mementoes in the shape of 6-inch cannon balls over the surrounding country just as far inland as his guns would carry.

One of the far-reaching balls was plowed up on the Sutton farm, between this place and Principio. It is a perfect globe and in splendid condition after its burial of 106 years in Cecil soil.

ONE MAN OWNS VILLAGE.

Banker Will Make It A Desirable Place For Nice People.

Scarboro, N. Y.—The century old village of Scarboro near here is now the property of one man.

Frank A. Vanderlip, New York banker, has purchased the entire village, it became known and in order to relieve the housing situation in this section, he announced plans for the erection of 20 modern tenement houses and several other new buildings. Some of the dwellings will be torn down and others renovated.

In outlining his project, Mr. Vanderlip said the village had some "undesirable citizens," but that when it is reconstructed it is hoped to get some nice people.

GOVERNOR OF SAMOA A SUICIDE.

Naval Commander Warren J. Terhune Shoots Himself.

Washington.—Commander Warren J. Terhune, Naval Governor of Samoa, shot and killed himself at noon November 2, said a dispatch received at the Navy Department.